

Series: Mathematics - from zero to engineer (26).

Evaluating expressions.

$$2\pi\sqrt{\frac{l}{g}} \quad \pi = 3,1415, \quad l = 2, \quad g = 9,81$$

$$2 \cdot 3,1415 \sqrt{\frac{2}{9,81}} = 6,2830 \sqrt{0,2039} = 6,2830 \cdot 0,4516 = 2,84$$

- correct to two decimal places

$$V = \frac{\pi h}{6} (3R^2 + h^2) \quad h = 2,85, \quad R = 6,24, \quad \pi = 3,142$$

$$V = \frac{3,142 \cdot 2,85}{6} (3 \cdot 6,24^2 + 2,85^2) = 1,492 (116,8128 + 8,1225) = 1,492 \cdot 124,9353 = 186,40$$

- correct to two decimal places

$$R = \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \quad R_1 = 276, \quad R_2 = 145$$

$$R = \frac{276 \cdot 145}{276 + 145} = \frac{40020}{421} = 95,06$$

- correct to two decimal places

$$V = \frac{\pi b}{12} (D^2 + Dd + d^2) \quad b = 1,46, \quad D = 0,864, \quad d = 0,517, \quad \pi = 3,142$$

$$V = \frac{3,142 \cdot 1,46}{12} (0,864^2 + 0,864 \cdot 0,517 + 0,517^2)$$

$$V = 0,382 (0,746 + 0,447 + 0,267)$$

$$V = 0,382 \cdot 1,46 = 0,558$$

- correct to three significant figures.

Equations

$$r = 2s^3 + 3t$$

↑ dependent variable

↓ independent variable

Evaluating independent variables and rearranging formulae.

Calculate l .

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}} \quad \pi = 3,14, \quad g = 9,81, \quad T = 1,03$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}} \quad / : 2\pi$$

$$l = \frac{gT^2}{4\pi^2}$$

$$\frac{T}{2\pi} = \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}} \quad / ^2$$

$$l = \frac{9,81 \cdot 1,03^2}{4 \cdot 3,14^2}$$

$$l = \frac{9,81 \cdot 1,0609}{4 \cdot 9,8596}$$

$$\frac{T^2}{4\pi^2} = \frac{l}{g} \quad / \cdot g$$

$$l = 0,264$$

- correct to three significant figures.

Calculate r .

$$J = \frac{nE}{R + nr} \quad n = 6, \quad E = 2,01, \quad R = 12, \quad J = 0,98$$

$$J = \frac{nE}{R + nr} \quad / \cdot (R + nr)$$

$$r = \frac{nE - JR}{Jn}$$

$$J(R + nr) = nE$$

$$r = \frac{6 \cdot 2,01 - 0,98 \cdot 12}{0,98 \cdot 6}$$

$$JR + Jnr = nE$$

$$r = \frac{12,06 - 11,76}{5,88} = 0,051$$

$$Jnr = nE - JR \quad / : Jn$$

- correct to two significant figures.

Rearrange the formula to make ' a ' the dependent variable.

$$v = u + at$$

$$v - u = at \quad / : t \quad a = \frac{v - u}{t}$$

Make ' u ' the dependent variable.

$$a = \frac{2(ut - s)}{t^2} \quad / \cdot t^2$$

$$u = \frac{at^2 + 2s}{2t}$$

$$at^2 = 2ut - 2s$$

$$at^2 + 2s = 2ut \quad / : 2t$$